- 1. A method of producing a soft tissue paper product, the method comprising the steps of:
  - a) providing a chemical softening composition, said chemical softening composition comprising:
    - a vehicle;
    - a softening active ingredient, wherein said softening active ingredient comprises a quaternary ammonium compound;
    - an electrolyte; and
    - a bilayer disrupter;
  - b) diluting said chemical softening composition to a use concentration;
  - c) providing a slurry of papermaking fibers;
  - d) treating said slurry of papermaking fibers with said diluted chemical softening composition;
  - e) depositing said treated slurry of said papermaking fibers on a foraminous forming wire; and
  - f) dewatering said treated slurry by drainage through said foraminous forming wire to form an embryonic web.
- 2. The method of Claim 1 wherein said method comprises the additional steps of after step f:
  - a) transferring said embryonic web to a carrier fabric; and
  - b) drying said dewatered slurry while said slurry is supported by said carrier fabric to form a predried paper web.
- 3. The method of Claim 2 wherein said method comprises the additional steps of after step b:
  - a) transferring said predried paper web to a drying cylinder; and
  - b) drying said predried web to form a paper sheet.
- 4. The method of Claim 1 wherein:
  - a) said slurry of papermaking fibers comprises separate slurries, a first slurry of relatively short papermaking fibers and a second slurry of relatively long papermaking fibers;
  - b) only said second slurry is treated with said diluted chemical softening composition; and

- said first slurry is disposed on said Foraminous fabric between said wire and said second slurry.
- 5. The method of Claim 1 wherein said softening active ingredient comprises at least about 25% of said composition.
- 6. The method of Claim 4 wherein said softening active ingredient comprises at least about 35% of said composition.
- 7. The method of Claim 1 wherein said softening active ingredient comprises a quaternary ammonium compound.
- 8. The method of Claim 7 wherein said quaternary ammonium compound has the formula:

$$(R_1)_{4-m} - N^+ - [(CH_2)_n - Y - R_3]_m X^-$$

wherein Y is -O-(O)C-, or -C(O)-O-, or -NH-C(O)-, or -C(O)-NH-;

m is 1 to 3;

n is 0 to 4;

each R<sub>1</sub> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or alkenyl group, hydroxyalkyl group, hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl group, alkoxylated group, benzyl group, or mixtures thereof;

each R<sub>3</sub> is a C<sub>13</sub>-C<sub>21</sub> alkyl or alkenyl group, hydroxyalkyl group, hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl group, alkoxylated group, benzyl group, or mixtures thereof; and

X is any softener-compatible anion.

- 9. The method of Claim 8 wherein m is 2, n is 2, R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>15</sub>-C<sub>17</sub> alkyl or alkenyl, and Y is -O-(O)C-, or -C(O)-O-.
- 10. The method of Claim 9 wherein X<sup>-</sup> is chloride or methyl sulfate.
- 11. The method of Claim 7 wherein said composition further comprises a plasticizer.
- 12. The method of Claim 11 wherein said plasticizer is selected from the group consisting of polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol and mixtures thereof.
- 13. The method of Claim 2 wherein said vehicle is water and said electrolyte is a salt selected from the group consisting of the chloride salts of sodium, calcium, and magnesium.

- 14. The method of Claim 13 wherein said salt is present at a level between about 0.1% and about 20% by weight of said composition.
- 15. The method of Claim 1 wherein said bilayer disrupter is used at a level of between about 2% and about 15% of the level of said softening active ingredient.
- 16. The method of Claim 1 wherein said bilayer disrupter is selected from the group consisting of:
  - 1. nonionic surfactants derived from saturated and/or unsaturated primary, secondary, and/or branched, amine, amide, amine-oxide fatty alcohol, fatty acid, alkyl phenol, and/or alkyl aryl carboxylic acid compounds having from about 6 to about 22 carbon atoms in a hydrophobic chain, wherein at least one active hydrogen of said compounds is ethoxylated with ≤ 50 ethylene oxide moieties to provide an HLB of from about 6 to about 20;
  - 2. nonionic surfactants with bulky head groups selected from:
    - a. surfactants having the formulas:

$$R^5$$
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 

wherein Y" = N or O; and each  $R^5$  is selected independently from the following:

-H, -OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)xCH<sub>3</sub>, -O(OR<sup>2</sup>)<sub>z</sub>-H, -OR<sup>1</sup>, - OC(O)R<sup>1</sup>, and -CH(CH<sub>2</sub>-(OR<sup>2</sup>)<sub>z</sub>-H)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(OR<sup>2</sup>)<sub>z</sub>-C(O) R<sup>1</sup>, x and R<sup>1</sup> are as defined above and  $5 \le z$ , z', and z''  $\le 20$ ; and

b. polyhydroxy fatty acid amide surfactants of the formula:

$$R^2 - C(O) - N(R^1) - Z$$

wherein: each  $R^1$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  hydrocarbyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxyalkyl, or hydroxyalkyl;  $R^2$  is a  $C_5$ - $C_{21}$  hydrocarbyl moiety; and each Z is a polyhydroxyhydrocarbyl moiety having a linear hydrocarbyl chain with at least 3 hydroxyls directly connected to the chain, or an ethoxylated derivative thereof; and

3. cationic surfactants having the formula:

$$\{R^{1}_{m} - Y - [(R^{2}-O)_{z} - H]_{p}\}^{+} X^{-}$$

wherein  $R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of saturated or unsaturated, primary, secondary or branched chain alkyl or alkyl-aryl hydrocarbons; said hydrocarbon chain having from about 6 to about 22 carbon atoms; each  $R^2$  is selected from the following groups or combinations of the following groups:  $-(CH_2)_n$ - and/or  $-[CH(CH_3)CH_2]$ -;Y is selected from the following groups:  $= N^+$ - $(A)_q$ ;  $-(CH_2)_n$ - $N^+$ - $(A)_q$ ; -B- $(CH_2)_n$ - $N^+$ - $(A)_2$ ; -(phenyl)- $N^+$ - $(A)_q$ ; -(B-phenyl)- $N^+$ - $(A)_q$ ; with n being from about 1 to about 4, wherein each A is independently selected from the following groups: H;  $C_{1-5}$  alkyl;  $R^1$ ;  $-(R^2O)_z$ -H;  $-(CH_2)_x$ C $H_3$ ; phenyl, and substituted aryl; where  $0 \le x \le about 3$ ; and each B is selected from the following groups: -O-; -NA-;  $-NA_2$ ; -C(O)O-; and -C(O)N(A)-; wherein  $R^2$  is defined as hereinbefore; q = 1 or 2; total z per molecule is from about 3 to about 50; and  $X^-$  is an anion which is compatible with fabric softener actives and adjunct ingredients.

- 17. The method of Claim 16 wherein said bilayer disrupter is a nonionic surfactant having a hydrophobic moiety that is selected from the group consisting of: fatty alcohols having between about 8 and about 18 carbon atoms and alkyl phenols having between about 8 and about 18 carbon atoms wherein said hydrophobic moiety is ethoxylated with between about 3 and about 15 ethylene oxide moieties.
- 18. The method of Claim 1 wherein said use concentration is between about 0.5% and about 10%.
- 19. The method of Claim 18 wherein said use concentration is between about 0.5% and about 5%.
- 20. The method of Claim 19 wherein said use concentration is about 1%.